PSHE

By the end of Year 6 we want our pupils to:

- Have a long-lasting curiosity about their responsibilities living in the wider world
- Look wider to have and show empathy towards other family members and close positive relationships
- Recognise similarities and differences in their friendships, ensuring safe relationships and respecting themselves and others
- Articulate themselves and communicate hurtful behaviour and bullying of others
- Be active and have a sense of social responsibility regarding drugs, alcohol and tobacco in their communities



Citizenship

This programme is non-statutory and schools are not required to follow it. It is included so that schools can plan a whole curriculum.

Key stage 1

During key stage 1 pupils learn about themselves as developing individuals and as members of their communities, building on their own experiences and on the early learning goals for personal, social and amotional devalopment.

They learn the basic rules and skills for keeping themselves healthy and safe and for behaving well. They have opportunities to show they can take some responsibility for themselves and their environment. They begin to learn about their own and other people's feelings and become aware of the views, needs and rights of other children and older people.

As members of a class and school community, they learn social skills such as how to share, take turns, play, help others, resolve simple arguments and resist bullying. They begin to take an activ part in the life of their school and its neighbourhood.

Key stage 2

During key stage 2 pupils learn about themselves as growing and changing individuals with their own experiences and ideas, and as members of their communities.

They become more mature, independent and self-confident. They learn about the wider world and the interdependence of communities within it. They develop their sense of social justice and moral responsibility and begin to understand that their own choices and behaviour can affect local, national or global issues and political and social institutions. They learn how to take part more fully in school and community activities.

As they begin to develop into young adults, they face the changes of puberty and transfer to secondary school with support and encouragement from their school. They learn how to make more confident and informed choices about their health and environment; to take more responsibility, individually and as a group, for their own learning; and to resist bullying.

Bloom's Taxonomy









PSHE Association Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education is a school subject through which pupils develop the knowledge, skills and attributes they need to manage their lives, now and in the future. It helps children and young people to stay healthy and safe, while preparing them to make the most of life and work. When taught well, PSHE education also helps pupils to achieve their academic potential.

Most of PSHE education becomes statutory for all schools from September 2020 under the Children and Social Work Act 2017. This includes Relationships Education at key stages 1 and 2, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) at key stages 3 and 4, and Health Education in both primary and secondary objects.

The Department for Education published Statutory Guidance for Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education in June 2019. This sets out what schools must cover from September 2020 (though not all they should cover as part of broader PSHE education).

This updated edition of the PSHE Association Programme of Study for PSHE education will support schools to provide a comprehensive programme that integrates, but is not limited to, this statutory content. A broader PSHE programme should also cover economic wellbeing, careers and enterprise education, as well as education for personal safety, including assessing and managing risk.

This Programme of Study sets out learning opportunities for key stage 1 to 5, based on three core themes:

CORE THEME 1: HEALTH AND WELLBEING

CORE THEME 2: RELATIONSHIPS

CORE THEME 3: LIVING IN THE WIDER WORLD

SCARF Coram Life Education for KS1 and KS2: Curriculum coverage from Preschool to Year 6

Year group	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Safe	Rights and Respect	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
Preschool	Marvellous me! I'm special People who are special to me	Me and my friends Friends and family Including everyone	People who help me and keep me safe Safety indoors and outdoors What's safe to go into my body	Looking after myself Looking after others Looking after my environment	What does my body need? I can keep trying I can do it!	Growing and changing in nature When I was a baby Girls, boys and families
Foundation	All about me What makes me special Me and my special people Who can help me? My feelings My feelings (2)	I'm special, you're special Same and different Same and different families Same and different homes I am caring I am a friend	What's safe to go onto my body Keeping Myself Safe - What's safe to go into my body (including medicines) Safe indoors and outdoors Listening to my feelings Keeping safe online People who help to keep me safe	Looking after my special people Looking after my friends Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom Caring for our world Looking after money (1): recognising, spending, using Looking after money (2): saving money and keeping it safe	Bouncing back when things go wrong Yes, I can! Healthy eating My healthy mind Move your body A good night's sleep	Seasons Life stages - plants, animals, humans Life Stages: Human life stage - who will I be? Where do babies come from? Getting bigger Me and my body - girls and boys
Year 1	Why we have classroom rules How are we listening? Thinking about feelings Our feelings Feelings and bodies Good friends	Same or different? Unkind, tease or bully? Harold's school rules It's not fair! Who are our special people? Our special people balloons	Super sleep Who can help? (1) Good or bad touches? Sharing pictures What could Harold do? Harold loses Geoffrey	Harold has a bad day Around and about the school Taking care of something Harold's money How should we look after our money? Basic first aid	I can eat a rainbow Eat well Harold wash and brush up Catch it! Bin it! Kill it! Harold learns to ride his bike Pass on the praise! Inside my wonderful body! (OPTIONAL)	Healthy Me Then and Now Taking care of a baby Who can help? (2) Surprises and secrets Keeping privates private
Year 2	Our ideal classroom (1) Our ideal classroom (OPTIONAL) How are you feeling today? Let's all be happy!	What makes us who we are? My special people How do we make others feel? When	Harold's picnic How safe would you feel? What should Harold say? I don't like that!	Getting on with others When I feel like erupting Feeling safe Playing games Harold saves for something special	You can do it! My day Harold's postcard - helping us to keep clean and healthy Harold's bathroom What does my	A helping hand Sam moves away Haven't you grown! My body, your body Respecting privacy Some secrets

	Being a good friend Types of Bullying Don't do that! Bullying or teasing (OPTIONAL)	someone is feeling left out An act of kindness Solve the problem	Fun or not? Should I tell?	Harold goes camping (OPTIONAL) How can we look after our environment?	body do? My body needs (OPTIONAL) Basic first aid	should never be kept
Year 3	As a rule Looking after our special people How can we solve this problem? Tangram team challenge (OPTIONAL) Friends are special Thunks Dan's dare My special pet (OPTIONAL)	Respect and challenge Family and friends My community Our friends and neighbours Let's celebrate our differences Zeb	Safe or unsafe? Danger or risk? The Risk Robot Super Searcher Help or harm? Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts (OPTIONAL) Raisin challenge (1) (OPTIONAL)	Helping each other to stay safe Recount task Our helpful volunteers Can Harold afford it? Earning money Harold's environment project Let's have a tidy up (OPTIONAL)	Derek cooks dinner! (healthy eating) Poorly Harold Body team work For or against? I am fantastic! Top talents Getting on with your nerves! (OPTIONAL)	Relationship Tree Body space None of your business! Secret or surprise? My changing body Basic first aid
Year 4	Human machines Ok or not ok? (part 1) Ok or not ok? (part 2) An email from Harold! Different feelings When feelings change (OPTIONAL) Under pressure	Can you sort it? What would I do? The people we share our world with That is such a stereotype! Friend or acquaintance? Islands	Danger, risk or hazard? How dare you! Keeping ourselves safe Raisin challenge (2) Picture wise Medicines: check the label Know the norms (OPTIONAL) Traffic lights (OPTIONAL)	Who helps us stay healthy and safe? It's your right How do we make a difference? In the news! Safety in numbers Harold's expenses (OPTIONAL) Why pay taxes? Logo quiz (OPTIONAL)	What makes me ME! Making choices SCARF Hotel Harold's Seven Rs My school community (1) Basic first aid Volunteering is cool (OPTIONAL)	Moving house My feelings are all over the place! All change! Preparing for changes at puberty (formerly Period positive/ preparing for periods) Secret or surprise? Together
Year 5	Collaboration Challenge! Give and take Communication (OPTIONAL) How good a friend are you? Relationship cake recipe Our emotional needs Being assertive	Qualities of friendship Kind conversations Happy being me The land of the Red People Is it true? Stop, start, stereotypes It could happen to anyone (OPTIONAL)	Spot bullying Play, like, share Decision dilemmas Ella's diary dilemma Vaping: healthy or unhealthy? Would you risk it? 'Thunking' about habits (OPTIONAL) Drugs: true or false? (OPTIONAL) Smoking: what is normal? (OPTIONAL)	What's the story? Fact or opinion? Mo makes a difference Rights, responsibilities and duties Spending wisely Lend us a fiver! Local councils (OPTIONAL)	It all adds up! Different skills My school community (2) Independence and responsibility Star qualities? Basic first aid, including Sepsis awareness	How are they feeling? Taking notice of our feelings Dear Ash Growing up and changing bodies Changing bodies and feelings Help! I'm a teenager - get me out of here! Dear Hetty (OPTIONAL)

Year 6	Working together Let's negotiate (OPTIONAL) Solve the friendship problem Dan's day (OPTIONAL) Behave yourself problem Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2) Don't force me Acting appropriately	OK to be different We have more in common than not Respecting differences Tolerance and respect for others Advertising friendships! Boys will be boys? - challenging gender stereotypes	Think before you click! It's a puzzle (OPTIONAL) To share or not to share? Rat Park What sort of drug is? Drugs: it's the law! Alcohol: what is normal? Joe's story (part 1) (OPTIONAL) Joe's story (part 2) (OPTIONAL)	Two sides to every story Fakebook friends What's it worth? Jobs and taxes (OPTIONAL) Happy shoppers - caring for the environment Action stations! (OPTIONAL) Project Pitch (parts 1 & 2) (OPTIONAL) Democracy in Britain 1 - Elections Democracy in Britain 2 - How (most) laws are made Community art (OPTIONAL)	This will be your life! Our recommendations What's the risk? (1) What's the risk? (2) Basic first aid, including Sepsis Awareness Five Ways to Wellbeing project	I look great! Media manipulation Pressure online Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change Is this normal? Making babies What is HIV? (OPTIONAL)
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Direct links to other curriculum areas within existing year group

SCIENCE

HISTORY

Progression of vocabulary

Year group	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Safe	Rights and Respect	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
Preschool	like feel choose head arms legs eyes ears nose mouth teeth hands fingers feet toes knees elbows pants vest private penis vulva special feel look friends big small colour hug near far sad love adopt special days quiet loud help special similar	similar different friendship friend family special similar different kind sharing helping feelings	safe who can help? grown up tell tummy feelings unsafe safe safety signs weather clothing playground car-park pavement paint scissors glue safe careful labels medicines cleaning products water food fresh air sleep	healthy snacks sugar germs wash hands fruit vegetables similar different helping family friends feelings classroom care tidy clean look after	food water exercise sleep energy challenge encourage keep trying get better at practice encourage keep trying challenge	change grow temperature hear smell see different remember warmer seasons weather grow change bigger taller breastfeeding adoption special needs private parts penis vulva make a baby different families private places dolls and cars are for everyone
EYFS	special practice effort same different special favourite same different family help special people same different family	special likes dislikes favourite same different kind unkind same different family same different home kind kindness new friend	keep clean keep safe sleep water food fresh air cuddle medicine chemist doctor grown up safe unsafe detective safe unsafe tummy feelings	family look after help each other be alone friends look after help each other be alone working together responsibility helpful caring environment litter electricity pollution recycling	bounce back encourage try again try try again bounce back food energy grow healthy fruit vegetable dairy food exercise sleep wash	seasons spring summer autumn winter cycle growing life cycles egg seed baby grow change old young baby child

Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	teenager adult old age family baby love care tummy womb pregnancy egg sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
happy sad worried buy grow exercise heart happy sad sad sind pay trust money muscles safe save save routine safe place calm helpful adult trust address	adult old age family baby love care tummy womb pregnancy egg sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
sad emajis tell cost exercise heart muscles record kind worried tell safe place calm sleep behaviour starchy	old age family baby love care tummy womb pregnancy egg sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
emajis feelings happy sad safe worried tell adult trust money muscles safe worried tell adult trust address	family baby love care tummy womb pregnancy egg sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
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helpful tell adult trust address sleep sleep behaviour starchy	womb pregnancy egg sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
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y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	egg sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	sperm adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
V1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	adoption surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	surrogacy donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
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Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	donated sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	sperm/eggs same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
V1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	same-sex parents one-parent families baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
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y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	baby child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	child teenager adult grow messages (DNA/Genes) families of
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y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	
y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	different beliefs
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	adoption
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	•
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	surrogacy
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	IVF
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	private parts
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	penis
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	vulva
Y1 rules same sleep behaviour starchy	testicles
	vagina
	eggs
	sperm
	privacy
	my body is mine
	(body autonomy)
	dolls and cars are
	for everyone
	(gender
	stereotyping)
	privacy
	energy
listening unkind rest consequences dairy	food
feelings rules grow special person protein	water
	air
friendship special feelings environment vegetables	oxygen
safe people worried responsibility vitamins	exercise
body language family nervous needs portion	sleep
behaviour different scared responsible healthy	healthy
help unkindness support rules fruit	change
making up safe unsafe money vegetables	growing
	size
emotions qualities trust bills meat	height
feelings difference privates spending sugar	needs
work together tease consent afford salt	help
safe kind entertainment money cereal	
heal feelings donating bank hygiene	caring
	caring love
	love
teasing harmful note clean	love attention
unkind medicine worth germs	love

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		bully bullying behaviour	safe harmful responsibilities feelings emotions loss	saving safe first aid risk accident danger hazard kettle safe burn scald accident emergency	disease hygiene spread learning practice make mistakes confidence achievement praise support feedback encourage feelings organ heart lungs intestines brain stomach oxygen digested dairy fruit vegetables sugar salt cereal meat	unkind unkindness tease teasing bully bullying witness experience getting help surprise secret uncomfortable privates private penis vulva hygiene help change sore doctor private activity private places my body is mine (body autonomy)
У2	happy safe caring friendly rules feelings showing feelings help friendship bullying repeated don't do that teasing repeated regular	unique respect special person help feelings behaviour calm aggressive solve kind kindness unkind feelings listening being listened to listen problem	sleep medicines safety safe unsafe feelings getting help touch uncomfortable hurt surprise secret tell	responsibility help share take turns listen feelings control erupt safe unsafe uniform ask for help gamer personal information internet risk money spending saving environment	practice encourage goal achieve challenge choose choices healthy unhealthy vaccination injection disease hygiene germs teeth dental hygiene brain heart lungs stomach small intestine large intestine food water oxygen water food exercise rest first aid risk accident danger hazard kettle safe	help support supportive change loss feelings emotions frightened nervous growing food rest sleep care learning change forward looking making choices asking permission unique special penis testicles vulva nipples private parts my body is mine (body autonomy) sperm eggs ovaries womb pregnancy genitals penis vulva private

					burn	privacy
					scald accident emergency	privacy consent permission genitals penis vulva private private parts consent permission secret uncomfortable unsafe tell someone you trust
У3	rules friendship conflict cooperate strategies continuum dare responsibility safety falling out point of view collaborate opinions persuade care making up calm respectful feelings loss compromise apologise courteous listen challenging	respect cooperation listening skills politeness courtesy manners family adoption fostering same-sex couple blended family community similarities belonging differences identity respect prejudice disability name calling gender bullying race colour sexuality	trust danger dangerous risk medicines decisions safe risky safer browsing drugs unsafe feelings phishing harmful cigarettes strategies search engine helpful nicotine consequence fake news instructions alcohol internet safety	helper fact volunteer income earning environment responsibility responsible opinion wellbeing saving income waste environment safe spending healthy	balanced diet infection intestine debate goals goal-setting collaboration proteins cleanliness vessels discussion ambitions talents cooperation muscles hygiene veins continuum improve skills teamwork dairy rest arteries courteous achieve intelligence teeth sleep lungs respectful bones water liver justify starchy carbohydrates medicine energy drug fruit & veg dose healthy safety instructions	relationships positive healthy trust caring personal space body space invade uncomfortable stop respect touch internet safety private public profile personal information secret surprise feelings uncomfortable angry upset jealous worried excited scared talk egg sperm puberty period ovary fallopian tube uterus (womb) lining vagina period/menstruat ion pad tampon menstruation cup breasts genitals testicles womb wet dream penis mammals

						fertilise birth hips periods spots sweat pubic hair cervix menstrual cycle fertilise menstruation pregnant fertilised egg first aid risk accident danger hazard kettle safe burn scald accident emergency
У4	collaborate positive healthy relationship friendly feelings facial expressions unkind collaboration respect rude physical effects body language tease collaborative responsibilities aggressive sad bully teamwork qualities consequences unhappy pressure excluded face-to-face devastated independent assertive miserable compromise distressed negotiate respectful lonely alone ignored	negotiation aggressive similarities stereotype sharing body space compromise apologise differences acquaintances invade respect	danger dare persevere influence privacy medicine choices privacy dangerous assertive consequences privacy settings drug social norm personal information risk security online safety risky hazard hazardous	being responsible safe rules influence anti-social behaviour income income tax environment reliable healthy democracy opinion witness expenditure national insurance conservation trustworthy respectful essential VAT Laws Courteous Deductions rights public services responsibility United Nations	individual choices balanced diet unique wellbeing mental health refuse reduce re-use rot recycle repair re-think first aid injury minor accident emergency blood nose bleed choking breathing airway unresponsive casualty burn wound recovery scald community volunteer wellbeing connect be active be mindful get creative	learning line practice compromise hormones puberty feelings independence conflict puberty pubic hair eggs sperm penis testicles breasts ovaries womb vagina vulva clitoris labia semen legal age of consent marriage Puberty for boys: facial hair underarm hair sweat body odour wet dreams ejaculation spontaneous erections pleasure masturbation

 isolated	 	 give to others	growth spurt
abandoned		3	deeper voice
apologetic			spots
regretful			acne
remorseful			breast growth
rueful			reproduction
repentant			testosterone
			mood swings
aching			
sore			sexual
agonising			feelings/horny
painful			romantic/sexual
happy			interest
delighted			privacy
ecstatic			Puberty for girls:
joyful			hair removal
calm			growth spurt
untroubled			wider hips
assured			breast growth
confident			underarm hair
peaceful			sweat
scared			acne
frightened			All about getting
petrified			your period:
terrified			endometrium
bothered			(uterus lining)
			foetus
			headache
			stomach ache
			cramps
			puberty
			menstrual cycle
			eggs
			periods
			menstruation
			period/menstruat
			ion pad
			tampons
			menstruation cup
			wet dreams
			testicles
			sperm
			semen
			hips
			periods
			spots
			sweat
			genitals
			pubic hair
			voice deepens
			testicles
			ovaries
			penis
			breasts
			vagina
			fallopian tube
			cervix
			lining of the
			uterus
			pads
			tampons
			menstrual cup
			Menstruation
			fertilised egg
			pregnant
			What is a wet
			dream?

						ejaculate nocturnal emission whitish fluid wet lubricated vulva slippery sexual nature felt good pee sheets laundry guilty embarrassed normal natural secret surprise uncomfortable feelings marriage live together civil partnership forced marriage
У5	collaborate negotiation compromise conflict resolution non-verbal body language tone of voice face-to-face insensitive sensitive unhealthy relationship verbal abuse physical abuse sexual abuse uncomfortable touching unsafe emotions emotional needs assertive passive aggressive	friendship talking listening skills respect excluded discrimination prejudice metaphor diverse multicultural society sex sexual orientation gender identify gender expression prejudice biological sex sexual orietation gender identity gender expression verbal abuse physical abuse embarrassed reactions consequences	bullying cyberbullying personal information privacy settings assessing risk pressure influence risk taking dare pressure resist pressure substance stimulant risk taking assertive habit drugs norms addiction cigarettes perception alcohol	responsibility fact opinion biased unbiased voluntary group community group pressure (action) group rights responsibility duties costs wages salaries rent Fair Trade borrow loan credit debit interest public services council vote elections councillors	organs body systems perseverance commitment resilience determination patience interpersonal skills community independence personal qualities life skill school community celebrities sepsis	wellbeing trust resilience unwanted attention unwanted touch in confidence break a confidence confidential scrotum testicles foreskin anus wet dream erection stretch marks crush Height gain Penis Weight gain Masturbation Wearing a bra Body anxiety Hair removal FGM/cuts to the vulva Wet dreams pubic hair clitoris vulva vaginal opening urinary opening lips (labia) penis menstruation cup period protection sweat washing body confidence

			emotions
			spots
			hair removal
			body autonomy
			vaginal discharge
			involuntary
			erections
			wet dreams
			body odour
			hormones
			hydration
			exercise
			sleep
			breast
			development
			hips widen
			height gain
			periods
			pubic hair
			FGM/cuts to
			vulva
			menstruation
			genitalia
			deodrant .
			shower gel
			tissues
			washing powder
			spot cream
			facial wash
			period products
			If using film clip:
			Taking care of
			your body
			body odour
			chemicals
			oil glands
			good hygiene
			showers
			soap
			shampoo
			clean underwear
			acne
			pimples
			zits
			acne cream
			medication
			doctor
			hair growth
			pubic hair
			under arm
			chest hair
			hair removal
			sleep
			exercise
			healthy food
			puberty
			genitalia
			semen
			menstruation
			period
			period/menstruat
			ion pads
			tampon
			managing feelings
			hormones
			compromise
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						respect mood swings conflict puberty emotional changes separation fostered
Y6	collaboration teamwork negotiation compromise balanced friendship respectful assertive sensitive thoughtful response assertiveness assertive resolution peer pressure marriage civil partnership forced marriage illegal appropriate inappropriate illegal	witness bystander unique positive feedback confidence self-esteem unique diversity biological sex sexual orientation gender identity gender expression stereotype point of view cultural norms respect disrespect body language empathy unique identity prejudice respect diversity tolerance relationships friend acquaintance stereotype gender stereotype media influence assumption	social media parental consent trolling online safety sharing privacy settings identity theft secure right to privacy sharing online permission illegal sexual images habit addiction emotional needs drug legal illegal medical non-medical drug laws age restrictions possess supply produce illegal penalties alcohol short-term effects long-term effects risks norms physical needs emotional needs independence responsibility conflicting emotions	biased unbiased fact opinion stereotype social media profile image online safety sharing saving bank (building society) account Junior ISA interest debit card cash value tax income tax (PAYE) VAT public services environmentally sustainable composting recycling energy materials waste transport shop local food miles Fair Trade Reuse voluntary group community group pressure (action) group mission statement values beneficiary campaign bid mission statement pitch grant beneficiary democracy election manifesto candidate voting policies voting booth ballot slip ballot box constituencies House of	community valued aspirations goal setting perseverance health wellbeing accurate reliable sources assessing risk weigh up dilemma assessing risk weigh up choices influence Red Cross first aid emergency 999 ambulance operator information serious adult scenario script role feelings panic calm responsive unresponsive wellbeing connect be active take notice (mindful) keep learning (get creative) give	body image self esteem manipulation media manipulation stereotype gender stereotype peer pressure right to privacy sharing online online safety change support conversation discuss puberty physical changes emotional changes rights FGM periods mood swings spots voice deepening period products vulva If using film clip: Puberty and finding out who you are identity manage emotions hormones physical changes feeling funny sexually start to have questions about sex sexual reaction friends more independence egg ovaries sperm testicles puberty vagina penis orgasm embryo womb sexual intercourse consensual condom

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House of Lords Royal Assent Kiss erection Vaginal we excited pleasurable feeling implant pregnancy birth caesarean cut labour muscles cervix hips widen wet dream erections sexual intercours loving relat adoption surrogacy IVF If using fill Reproducti	P
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birth caesarean cut labour muscles cervix hips widen wet dream erections sexual intercours loving relat adoption surrogacy IVF If using fil Reproducti	
caesarean cut labour muscles cervix hips widen wet dream erections sexual intercourse loving relat adoption surrogacy IVF If using fil Reproducti	
cut labour muscles cervix hips widen wet dream erections sexual intercours loving relat adoption surrogacy IVF If using fil Reproducti	
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			breastfeeding
			All the different
			ways couples can
			create babies
			queer couple
			LGBTQ+
			adoption
			stepchildren
			foster parents
			artificial
			insemination
			IVF
			co maternity
			surrogacy
			blended family
			donate sperm
			sperm bank
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			needles
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			transfusions
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			vagina
			womb
			cervix
			vaccination
			antibodies
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Progression of Substantive Knowledge in Geography from Preschool to Y6

Year group	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Safe	Rights and Respect	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
Preschool	Adarvellous mel -Share their likes and dislikes with their friends and adults in their classroom -Name the different features of their face and parts of their body -Use their senses to explore the world around them I'm special -Speak positively about themselves -Name different feelings and possible causes -Name different feelings and possible causes -Name some key adults who can help them when feeling sad/worried/sc ared People who are special to me -Talk about their families and special people -Name those who care for them and keep them safe -Describe the different types of homes	Me and my friends -Talk about the similarities and differences amongst their peers -Talk about the things they and their friends are good at -Spot similarities and differences in nature Friends and family -Understand that having differences between us is a good thing -Notice and talk about differences in nature -Recognise the differences within and amongst families Including everyone -Explore and use different materials -Show kindness by including their friends -Talk about how to help	People who help me and keep me safe -Name key relatives/care givers at home and those who care for them in their education settings -Recognise a 'funny tummy' feeling when something feels wrong or unsafe and say what to do -Talk about what makes them feel safe Safety indoors and outdoors -Name potential dangers, both inside and outside, and how to avoid getting hurt -Name things in the environment that keep us safe e.g.traffic lights, warning signs, school rules -Talk about how to keep their bodies safe	Looking after myself -Talk about how healthy food and keeping clean can help our bodies -Name some healthy foods -Try new experiences Looking after others -Name some activities that they can do to help out at home -Talk about how they can look after other members of their family -Talk about how they can look after their friends Looking after my environment -Show care and responsibility for their home and learning environments -Talk about what is special within the natural world -Name some ways in which they can help their world	What does my body need? -Name what their bodies need for energy (food, water, exercise, sleep) -Describe how they feel when they don't have enough food, water, exercise or sleep -Make healthy choices independently, in their home or education setting I can keep trying -Explain how people might feel if they find something hard -Suggest ways to encourage others to keep going -Have a go at challenging themselves I can do it! -Develop skills in planning, reviewing applying a trial and error approach -Explore activities that they wouldn't normally try, pushing the boundaries of their comfort zone -Communicate with others by sharing with and listening to each other's ideas	Growing and changing in nature -Describe seasonal changes -Use key vocabulary relating to natural change, e.g. weather, seasons, cold, hot -Describe the life cycle of an animal When I was a baby -Talk about how babies change as they grow -Explain what babies need and how this changes as they grow -Share their own experiences and listen to those of the others Girls, boys and families -Talk about the similarities and differences between the males and females -Begin to play inclusively with their friends, regardless of their sex (if not already doing so) -Think differently and more openly about what a family may look like

		those who are in need	What's safe to go into my body -Know which products in the home are to be used only by adults -Sort items according to their use and purpose -Explain who can give medicine to children and why			
Foundation	All about me -Talk about their own interestsTalk about their familiesTalk about how their familiesTalk about how they are the same or different to others. What makes me special -Share their favourite interests and objectsTalk about themselves positivelyListen to what others say and respond. Me and my special people -Talk about the important people in their livesUnderstand that we have different special peopleName key people outside of families that care for them. Who can help me?	I'm special, you're special -Describe their own positive attributesShare their likes and dislikesListen to and respect the ideas of others. Same and different -Recognise the similarities and differences amongst their peersDiscuss why differences should be celebratedRetell a story. Same and different families -Talk about their family, customs and traditionsListen to others talk about their experiencesCompare	What's safe to go onto my body -Name things that keep their bodies safeName things that keep their bodies clean and protectedThink about how to recognise things that might not be safe. Keeping Myself Safe - What's safe to go into my body (including medicines) -Make safe decisions about items they don't recogniseTalk about what our bodies need to stay wellName the safe ways to store medicine and who can give it to children (adults).	Looking after my special people -Name the special people in their livesUnderstand that our special people can be different to those of others. Looking after my friends -Talk about why friends are important and how they help usIdentify ways to care for a friend in needIdentify ways to help others in their community. Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom -Identify ways in which they help at homeRecognise the importance of taking care of a shared environmentName ways in which they can look after their	Bouncing back when things go wrong -Share an experience where they haven't achieved their goalDevelop their confidence and resilience towards having a growth mindsetName a strategy to overcome a hurdle. Yes, I can! -Recognise that some skills take time to learnPlan and review an achievable goalCelebrate the successes of their peers. Healthy eating -Name and choose healthy foods and drinkUnderstand there are some foods that are a "just sometimes" food or drink (eating in moderation)Explain the jobs of different food groups.	Seasons -Name the different seasons and describe their differencesExplain the changes that occur as seasons changeTalk about how they have grown in resilience. Life stages - plants, animals, humans -To understand that animals and humans change in appearance over timeUse relevant vocabulary such as egg, seed, baby, grow, change, old, young (and the names for young animals)Make observations and ask questions about living things. Life Stages: Human life stage - who will I be? -Retell a story and respond to questions about it.

-Talk about when they might feel unsafe or unhappy.
-Name the people who will help them.
-Notice when a friend is in need at school and help them.

My feelings

-Describe
different
emotions.
-Explore how we
feel at certain
times or events.
-Identify ways
to change
feelings and
calm down.

My feelings (2)

-Identify

events that can make a person feel sad.
-Suggest ways in which they can help a friend who is sad.
-Choose ways to help themselves when they feel

sad.

their own experiences with those of others.

Same and different homes

-Recognise the similarities and differences between their home and those of others. -Talk about what makes their home feel special and safe. -Be sensitive towards others.

I am caring

-Suggest ways in which we can be kind towards others.
-Demonstrate skills in cooperation with others.

I am a friend

-Show friendly behaviour towards a peer. -Build relationships with others.

Safe indoors and outdoors

-Name some hazards and ways to stay safe inside.
-Name some hazards and ways to stay safe outside.
-Show how to care for the safety of others.

Listening to my feelings

-Name the

adults who they can ask for help from, and will keep them safe. -Recognise the feelings they have when they are unsafe. -Talk about keeping themselves safe, safe touches and consent.

Keeping safe online

-Share ideas about activities that are safe to do on electronic devices.
-What to do and who to talk to if they feel unsafe online.

People who help to keep me safe

-Name the people in their lives who help to keep them safe.
-Name people in their community who help to keep them

learning environment.

Caring for our world

-Think about what makes the world special and beautiful. -Name ways in which they can help take care of the environment, e.g. recycling, saving energy, wasting less. -Talk about what can happen to living things if the world is not

Looking after money (1): recognising, spending, using

cared for.

-Recognise coins and other items relating to money.
-Identify the uses of money.

Looking after money (2): saving money and keeping it safe

-Talk about why it's important to keep money safe.
-Identify ways to save money.
-Talk about why we save money.

My healthy mind

-Identify the 5 ways to support their wellbeing.
-Name some activities or ideas to promote positive mental health.
-Reflect on their mental health and how they can protect it.

Move your body

-Describe the changes in their body during exercise and what is happening to their body.
-Explain how exercise can help us stay well - physically and mentally.
-Name some ways to keep their body fit and well.

A good night's sleep

-Understand why our body needs sleep. -Talk about their

own bedtime routine.
-Suggest ways to

-Suggest ways to have a calm evening and bedtime routine. -Use the language and describe the different life stages of: baby, child, teenager, adult, older age.
-Talk about their own experience of growing up.

Where do babies come from?

-Explain that a baby is made by a woman and a man, and grows inside a mother's tummy.
-Understand that every family is different.
-Talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others.

Getting bigger

-Talk about how they have changed as they have grown. -Explain the differences between babies, children, and adults. -Understand that we are all unique.

Me and my body - girls and boys

-Name parts of the body (including reproductive parts) using the correct vocabulary. -Explain which parts of their body are kept private and safe and why. -Tell or ask an appropriate adult for help if they feel unsafe.

			safeTalk about ways to keep themselves safe in their environment.			
Year 1	Why we have classroom rules -Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe; - Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these. How are we listening? -Demonstrate attentive listening skills; -Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; -Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel. Thinking about feelings -Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions; -Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body (e.g.	Same or different? -Identify the differences and similarities between people; -Empathise with those who are different from them; -Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences. Unkind, tease or bully? -Explain the difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying; -Understand that bullying is usually quite rare. Harold's school rules -Explain some of their school rules and how those rules help to keep everybody safe. It's not fair!	themselves safe in their	Harold has a bad day -Recognise how a person's behaviour (including their own) can affect other people. Around and about the school -Identify what they like about the school environment; -Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment. Taking care of something -Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant); -Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others. Harold's money -Explain where people get money from; -List some of the things that money may be	I can eat a rainbow -Recognise the importance of fruit and vegetables in their daily diet; -Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health. Eat well -Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others; -Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order to make a healthy lunch; -Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less of to be healthy. Harold wash and brush up -Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines; -Sequence personal hygiene routines into a logical order. Catch it! Bin it! Kill it!	Healthy Me -Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen); -Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle. Then and Now -Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and can do now; -Identify the people who help/helped them at those different stages. Taking care of a baby - Understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby; -Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby, for example, eye contact, cuddling, washing, changing, feeding. Who can help? (2) - Explain the difference between teasing and bullying; -Give examples of
	butterflies in the tummy etc.) Our feelings -Identify a range of	-Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind;	touch; -Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch;	spent on in a family home. How should we look after our money?	-Understand how diseases can spread; -Recognise and use simple strategies for	what they can do if they experience or witness bullying; -Say who they could get help from in a bullying
	feelings; -Identify how	-Suggest ways they can show	-Start thinking about	-Recognise that different notes	preventing the spread of	situation.

Year 2	feelings might make us behave: -Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these. Feelings and bodies -Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt; -Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds of hurt. Good friends -Identify simple qualities of friendship; -Suggest simple strategies for making up.	kindness to others. Who are our special people? -Identify some of the people who are special to them; -Recognise and name some of the qualities that make a person special to them. Our special people balloons -Recognise that they belong to various groups and communities such as their family; -Explain how these people help us and we can also help them to help us.	who they trust and who they can ask for help. Sharing pictures See DfE Relationships Education and Health Education statutory requirements What could Harold do? -Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; -Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Harold loses Geoffrey -Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with loss.	and coins have different monetary value; -Explain the importance of keeping money safe; -Identify safe places to keep money; -Understand the concept of 'saving money' (i.e. by keeping it in a safe placed and adding to it). Basic first aid See DfE Relationships Education and Health Education statutory requirements	diseases. Harold learns to ride his bike -Recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely; -Understand the learning line's use as a simple tool to describe the learning process, including overcoming challenges. Pass on the praise! -Demonstrate attentive listening skills; -Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; -Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel. Inside my wonderful body! (OPTIONAL) -Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain); -Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them.	Surprises and secrets - Explain the difference between a secret and a nice surprise; -Identify situations as being secrets or surprises; -Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, or told to keep. Keeping privates private - Identify parts of the body that are private; -Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private; -Identify people they can talk to about their private parts.
	-Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom;	-Identify some of the physical and non-physical differences	-Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better	- Describe and record strategies for getting on with others in the classroom.	- Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process;	- Demonstrate simple ways of giving positive feedback to others. Sam moves away

-Make and undertake pledges based on those actions

Our ideal classroom (OPTIONAL)

- Take part in creating and agreeing classroom rules.

How are you feeling today?

-Use a range of words to describe feelings; -Recognise that people have different ways of expressing their feelings; -Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings.

Let's all be happy!

- Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness); -Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's behaviour.

Being a good friend

- Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship; -Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other.

Types of Bullying

and similarities between people; -Know and use words and phrases that show respect for other people.

My special people

- Identify people who are special to them; -Explain some of the ways those people are special to them.

How do we make others feel?

- Recognise and explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people.

When someone is feeling left

- Explain how it feels to be part of a group; -Explain how it feels to be left out from a group; -Identify groups they are part of; -Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out.

An act of kindness

- Recognise and describe acts of kindness and

When I feel like erupting examples of some of the

when they're

things that a

person can do

to feel better

without use of

medicines, if

simple issues

of safety and

responsibility

medicines and

their use.

How safe

would you

-Identify

situations in

which they

would feel

safe or

unsafe:

unsafe

situations

for help.

including who

What should

Harold say?

- Identify

situations in

would need to

which they

say 'Yes',

'No', 'I'll

tell', in

keeping

safe.

that!

ask', or 'I'll

relation to

themselves

and others

I don't like

-Recognise

that body

facial

language and

expression

as to how

can give clues

they could ask

-Suggest

actions for

dealing with

feel?

they are

unwell;

about

-Explain

ill;

-Give

- Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour.

Feeling safe

- Identify special people in the school and community who can help to keep them safe; -Know how to ask for help.

Playing games

See DfE Relationships Education and Health Education statutory requirements

Harold saves for something special

- Understand

that people

have choices about what they do with their money; -Know that money can be saved for a use at a future time: -Explain how they might feel when they spend money on different

Harold goes camping (OPTIONAL)

things.

- Recognise that money can be spent on items which are essential or non-essential; -Know that money can be

-Help themselves and others develop a positive attitude that support their wellbeing; -Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its positive mindset strategies to their own

My day - Understand and

learning.

things they can choose themselves and thinas that others choose for them; -Explain things that they like and dislike, and understand that they have choices about these things; -Understand and explain that some choices can be either healthy or

unhealthy and can

difference to

their own health.

make a

give examples of

Harold's postcard helping us to keep clean and healthy

- Explain how germs can be spread; -Describe simple hygiene routines such as hand washing; -Understand that vaccinations can help to prevent certain illnesses.

Harold's bathroom

- Explain the importance of good dental

- Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with losing (and being reunited) with a person they are close to.

Haven't you grown!

- Identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult); -Understand and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages.

My body, your body

- Identify which parts of the human body are private; -Explain that a person's genitals help them to make babies when they are grown -Understand that humans mostly have the same body parts but that they can look different from person to person.

Respecting privacy

- Explain what privacy means; -Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission; -Give examples of different types of private information.

Some secrets should never be

	bullying and isolated unkind behaviour; -Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour; -Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour are both unacceptable ways of behaving. Don't do that! -Understand and describe strategies for dealing with bullying: -Rehearse and demonstrate some of these strategies. Bullying or teasing (OPTIONAL) - Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; -Identify situations as to whether they	people's feelings; -Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others; -Show acts of kindness to others in school. Solve the problem -Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making positive noises, not being distracted); -Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships.	-Identify the types of touch they like and do not like; -Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Fun or not? - Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting; -Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them; -Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Should I tell? - Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets; -Recognise	reasons why people (including themselves) might do this. How can we look after our environment? -Identify what they like about the school environment; -Identify any problems with the school environment (e.g. things needing repair); -Make suggestions for improving the school environment; -Recognise that they all have a responsibility for helping to look after the school environment.	What does my body do? - Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, brain); -Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood. My body needs (OPTIONAL) - Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen; -Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health Basic first aid See DfE Relationships Education and Health Education statutory requirements	inappropriate touch can make someone feel; -Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets that are nice surprises; -Explain that if someone is being touched in a way that they don't like they have to tell someone in their safety network so they can help it stop.
Year 3	are incidents of teasing or bullying. As a rule -Explain why we	Respect and challenge	the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortabl e. Safe or unsafe?	Helping each other to stay safe	Derek cooks dinner! (healthy eating)	Relationship Tree

have rules; -Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based activities: -Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings; -Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules.

Looking after our special people
-Identify people who they have a special relationship with;
-Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people.

How can we solve this problem?

-Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations.

Tangram team challenge (OPTIONAL)

-Define and demonstrate cooperation and collaboration; -Identify the different skills that people can bring to a group task; -Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help

-Reflect on listening skills; -Give examples of respectful language; -Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully.

Family and friends

-Recognise
that there
are many
different
types of
family;
-Understand
what is meant
by 'adoption'
'fostering'
and 'same-sex
relationships.'

My community

-Define the community'; -Identify the different communities that they belong to: -Recognise the benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to mental health and wellbeing.

Our friends and neighbours

-Recognise
the factors
that make
people similar
to and
different
from each
other;
-Recognise

-Identify
situations
which are
safe or
unsafe;
-Identify
people who
can help if a
situation is
unsafe;
-Suggest
strategies for
keeping safe.

Danger or risk?

-Define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two;
-Demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation.

The Risk Robot

-Identify risk factors in given situations; -Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks.

Super Searcher

-Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online safety; -Recognise potential risks associated with browsing online; -Give examples of strategies for safe browsing online.

Help or harm?

-Understand that -Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy;
-Suggest ways they can help these people.

Recount task -Understand

the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion'; -Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints; -Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language.

Our helpful volunteers

-Define what a

volunteer is; -Identify people who are volunteers in the school community; -Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer.

Can Harold afford it?

-Understand
the terms
'income',
'saving' and
'spending';
-Recognise that
there are times
we can buy
items we want
and times when
we need to save
for items;

-Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) benefits the body;
-Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet';
-Give examples what foods might

Poorly Harold

balanced meal.

make up a healthy

-Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another; -Explain how simple hygiene routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses; -Suggest medical and non-medical ways of treating

Body team work

an illness.

-Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, liver, brain); -Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.

For or against?

-Develop skills in discussion and debating an issue; -Demonstrate their understanding of health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them; -Empathise with different view

different types of relationships;
-Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with.

Body space

-Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space); -Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to allow someone into their body space: -Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in their body space.

None of your business!

-Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this happens; -Recognise and describe appropriate behaviour online as well as offline; -Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this: -Understand and explain how to get help in a situation

Secret or surprise?

where requests

for images or

information of

themselves or

others occurs.

-Define the

everyone to achieve success.

Friends are special

-Identify

qualities of friendship;
-Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out;
-Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again.

Thunks

-Express opinions and listen to those of others; -Consider others' points of view; -Practise explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions.

Dan's dare

-Explain what a dare is: -Understand that no-one has the right to force them to do a dare; -Suggest strategies to use if they are ever made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone asking them to do a dare.

My special pet (OPTIONAL)

-Explain some of the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them; -Understand

that repeated name calling is a form of bullying;
-Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult).

Let's celebrate our differences

-Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other; -Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying; -Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult).

Zeb

-Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are bullied; -Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is.

medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful.

Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts (OPTIONAL)

-Identify some key risks from and effects of cigarettes and alcohol; -Know that most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; (Social Norms message) -Define the word 'drug' understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs.

Raisin challenge (1) (OPTIONAL)

-Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks; -Understand and explain decision-making skills; -Understand where to get help from when making decisions.

-Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity etc.)

Earning money

-Explain that people earn their income through their jobs; -Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill, experience, training, responsibility etc.)

Harold's environment project

-Define what is meant by the environment;
-Evaluate and explain different methods of looking after the school environment;
-Devise methods of promoting their priority method.

Let's have a tidy up (OPTIONAL)

-Explain whose responsibility it is to look after the local environment; -Plan and carry out an event which will benefit the local environment.

points;
-Make
recommendations,
based on their
research.

I am fantastic!

-Identify their achievements and areas of development; -Recognise that people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves; -Explain why some groups of people are not represented as much on television/in the media.

Top talents

-Explain some of the different talents and skills that people have and how skills are developed; -Recognise their own skills and those of other children in the class.

Getting on with your nerves! (OPTIONAL)

-Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success; -Understand and explain how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves.

terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret: -Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel; -Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.

My changing body

-Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm; -Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm; -Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.

Basic first aid

See DfE
Relationships
Education and
Health Education
statutory
requirements

	that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation.					
Year 4	Human machines	Can you sort it?	Danger, risk or hazard?	Who helps us stay healthy	What makes me ME!	Moving house
	-Demonstrate	-Define the	-Define the	and safe?	-Identify ways in	-Describe some of the changes
	strategies for	terms	terms	-Explain how	which everyone is	that happen to
	working on a	'negotiation'	'danger',	different	unique;	people during
	collaborative	and	'risk' and	people in the	-Appreciate their	their lives;
	task; -Define	'compromise'; -Understand	'hazard' and explain the	school and local community help	own uniqueness; -Recognise that	-Explain how the Learning Line can
	successful	the need to	difference	them stay	there are times	be used as a tool
	qualities of	manage	between	healthy and	when they will	to help them
	teamwork and	conflict or	them;	safe;	make the same	manage change
	collaboration.	differences and suggest	-Identify situations	-Define what is	choices as their friends and times	more easily;
	Ok or not ok?	ways of doing	which are	meant by 'being responsible';	when they will	-Suggest people who may be able
	(part 1)	this, through	either	-Describe the	choose	to help them deal
	,	negotiation	dangerous,	various	differently.	with change.
	-Explain what	and .	risky or	responsibilities		
	we mean by a 'positive,	compromise.	hazardous; -Suggest	of those who help them stay	Making choices	My feelings are all over the
	healthy	What would I	simple	healthy and	-Give examples of	place!
	relationship';	do?	strategies for	safe;	choices they	
	-Describe some	-List some of	managing risk.	-Suggest ways	make for	-Name some
	of the qualities	the ways that		they can help	themselves and	positive and
	that they admire in	people are different to	How dare you!	the people who keep them	choices others make for them;	negative feelings; -Understand how
	others.	each other	you	healthy and	-Recognise that	the onset of
		(including	-Define what	safe.	there are times	puberty can have
	Ok or not ok?	differences	is meant by		when they will	emotional as well
	(part 2)	of race,	the word	It's your right	make the same	as physical impact
	-Recognise that	gender, religion);	'dare'; -Identify	-Understand	choices as their friends and times	-Suggest reasons why young people
	there are times	-Recognise	from given	that humans	when they will	sometimes fall
	when they	potential	scenarios	have rights and	choose	out with their
	might need to	consequences	which are	also	differently.	parents;
	say 'no' to a friend;	of aggressive	dares and	responsibilities;	CCADE Hatal	-Take part in a
	-Describe	behaviour; -Suggest	which are not; -Suggest	-Identify some rights and also	SCARF Hotel	role play practising how to
	appropriate	strategies for	strategies for	responsibilities	-Understand that	compromise.
	assertive	dealing with	managing	that come with	the body gets	
	strategies for	someone who	dares.	these.	energy from food,	All change!
	saying 'no' to a friend.	is behaving aggressively.	Keeping	How do we	water and oxygen and that exercise	-Identify parts
			ourselves	make a	and sleep are	of the body that
	An email from	The people	safe	difference?	important to our	males and females
	Harold!	we share our			health;	have in common
	-Describe	world with	-Describe stages of	- Understand the reason we	-Plan a menu which gives a	and those that are different;
	'good' and 'not	-List some of	identifying	have rules;	healthy balanced	-Know the correct
	so good'	the ways in	and managing	-Suggest and	of foods from	terminology for
	feelings and	which people	risk;	engage with	across the food	their genitalia;
	how feelings can affect our	are different	-Suggest	ways that they	groups on the Eatwell Guide	-Understand and
	physical state;	to each other (including	people they can ask for	can contribute to the decision-	(formerly Eatwell	explain why puberty happens.
	-Explain how	ethnicity,	help in	making process	Plate).	равог ту паррела.
	different words	gender,	managing risk.	in school (e.g.		Preparing for
	can express the	religious		through pupil	Harold's Seven	changes at
	intensity of	beliefs,	Raisin	voice/school	Rs	puberty (formanly Panied
	feelings.	customs and	challenge (2)	council);		(formerly Period

Different feelings

-Identify a wide range of feelings; -Recognise that different people can have different feelings in the same situation; -Explain how feelings can be linked to physical state.

When feelings chanae (OPTIONAL)

-Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial expressions and body language; -Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they have further information.

Under pressure

-Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say; -Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.

festivals); -Define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences.

That is such a stereotype!

-Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.

Friend or acquaintance?

- Recognise

that they

different

types of

relationships

with people

have

they know (e.g. close family, wider family, friends, acquaintances -Give examples of features of these different types of relationships, including how they influence what is shared.

Islands -Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space; -Recognise how others' non-verbal signals indicate how they feel when people

-Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively; -Give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way.

Picture wise

-Identify

images that safe/unsafe to share online; -Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing; -Understand and explain implications of sharing images online without consent.

Medicines: check the lahel

-Understand that medicines are drugs; -Explain safety issues for medicine use: -Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell; -Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines).

Know the

-Recognise that everyone can make a difference within a democratic process.

In the news!

-Define the

word influence;

-Recognise that reports in the media can influence the way they think about a topic; -Form and present their own opinions based on factual information and express or present these in a respectful and courteous manner Safety in numbers

role of the bystander and how it can influence bullying or other antisocial behaviour; -Recognise that they can play a role in influencing outcomes of situations by their actions.

-Explain the

Harold's expenses (OPTIONAL)

- Define the terms 'income' 'expenditure'; -List some of the items and services of expenditure in the school and in the home; -Prioritise items of expenditure in

-Understand the ways in which they can contribute to the care of the environment (using some or all of the seven Rs); -Suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to different scenarios.

My school community (1)

-Define what is meant by the word 'community'; -Suggest ways in which different people support the school community; -Identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school community.

Basic first aid Volunteering is cool (OPTIONAL)

-Define what a volunteer is; -Use the Five Ways to Wellbeing theory to suggest some of the reasons why people volunteer.

positive/ preparing for periods)

-Know the key facts of the menstrual cycle; -Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls; -Identify some of the ways to cope better with periods.

Secret or surprise?

-Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; -Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel; -Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.

Together

-Understand that marriage is a commitment to be entered into freely and not against someone's will: -Recognise that marriage includes same sex and opposite sex partners; -Know the legal age for marriage in England or Scotland; -Discuss the reasons why a person would want to be married, or live together, or have a civil ceremony.

	1	ı				
		are close to	norms	the home from		
		their body	(OPTIONAL)	most essential		
		space;		to least		
		-Suggest	-Understand	essential.		
		people they	some of the			
		can talk to if	key risks and	Why pay		
		they feel	effects of	taxes?		
		uncomfortabl	smoking and			
		e with other	drinking	-Explain what is		
		people's	alcohol;	meant by the		
		actions	-Understand	terms 'income		
		towards them.	that	tax', 'National		
			increasing	Insurance' and		
			numbers of	'VAT';		
			young people	-Understand		
			are choosing	how a payslip is		
			not to smoke	laid out showing		
			and that not	both pay and		
			all people	deductions;		
			drink alcohol	-Prioritise		
			(Social Norms	public services		
			theory).	from most		
				essential to		
			Traffic lights	least essential.		
			(OPTIONAL)			
				Logo quiz		
			-Identify	(OPTIONAL)		
			strategies for			
			keeping	-Understand		
			personal	some of the		
			information	ways that		
			safe online;	various national		
			-Describe	and		
			safe	international		
			behaviours	environmental		
			when using	organisations		
			communication	work to help		
			technology.	take care of		
				the		
				environment;		
				-Understand		
				and explain the		
				value of this		
				work.		
Year 5	Collaboration	Qualities of	Spot bullying	What's the	It all adds up!	How are they
	Challenge!	friendship		story?		feeling?
			-Demonstrate		-Know the basic	
	-Explain what	-Define some	strategies to	-Identify, write	functions of the	-Use a range of
	collaboration	key qualities	deal with both	and discuss	four systems	words and
	means;	of friendship;	face-to-face	issues currently	covered and know	phrases to
	-Give examples	-Describe	and online	in the media	they are inter-	describe the
	of how they	ways of	bullying;	concerning	related.	intensity of
	have worked	making a	-Demonstrate	health and	-Explain the	different feelings
	collaboratively;	friendship	strategies and	wellbeing;	function of at	-Distinguish
	-Describe the	last;	skills for	-Express their	least one internal	between good and
	attributes	-Explain why	supporting	opinions on an	organ.	not so good
	needed to work	friendships	others who	issue concerning	-Understand the	feelings, using
	collaboratively.	sometimes	are bullied;	health and	importance of	appropriate
		end.	-Recognise	wellbeing;	food, water and	vocabulary to
	Give and take		and describe	-Make	oxygen, sleep and	describe these;
		Kind	the	recommendation	exercise for the	-Explain
	-Explain what is	conversations	difference	s on an issue	human body and	strategies they
	meant by the		between	concerning	its health.	can use to build
	terms	-Rehearse	online and	health and		resilience.
	terms negotiation and	-Rehearse active	online and face-to-face	health and wellbeing.	Different skills	resilience.

compromise;
-Describe
strategies for
resolving
difficult issues
or situations.

Communication (OPTIONAL)

-Understand that online communication can be misinterpreted; -Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online as well as face-to-face.

How good a friend are you?

-Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in others; -Give examples of some key qualities of friendship; -Reflect on their own friendship qualities.

Relationship cake recipe

-Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy; -Identify who they could talk to if they needed help.

Our emotional needs

-Recognise basic emotional needs, understand that they change according to circumstance; -Identify risk factors in a

listening
skills:
-Demonstrate
respectfulnes
s in
responding to
others;
-Respond
appropriately

Happy being me

to others.

-Develop an understanding discrimination and its injustice, and describe this using examples; -Empathise with people who have been, and currently are. subjected to injustice, including through racism; -Consider how discriminatory behaviour can be challenged.

The land of the Red People

-Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/ot her parts of the UK; -Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; -Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this.

bullying.

Play, like, share

-Consider

information is

what

safe/unsafe to share offline and online, and reflect on the consequences of not keeping personal information private; -Recognise that people aren't always who they appear to be online and explain risks of being friends online with a person they have not met face-toface: -Know how to protect personal information online: -Recognise disrespectful behaviour online and

Decision dilemmas

know how to

respond to it.

-Recognise which situations are risky; -Explore and share their views about decision making when faced with a risky situation; -Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation.

Ella's diary

Fact or opinion?

-Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion; -Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read.

Mo makes a difference

-Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group; -Give examples of voluntary groups, the kind of work they do and its value.

Rights, responsibilities and duties

-Define the

differences

between responsibilities, rights and duties; -Discuss what can make them difficult to follow; -Identify the impact on individuals and the wider community if responsibilities are not carried out.

Spending wisely

-State the costs involved in producing and selling an item; -Suggest questions a consumer should ask before buying a

-Identify their own strengths and talents; -Identify areas that need improvement and

that need improvement an describe strategies for achieving those improvements.

My school community (2)

-State what is meant by community; -Explain what being part of a school community means to them; Suggest ways of improving the school community.

Independence and responsibility

-Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; -Identify ways that they can help these people.

Star qualities?

-Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media; -Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life; -Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have.

Basic first aid, including Sepsis awareness

See DfE Relationships Education and Health Education

Taking notice of our feelings

-Identify people who can be trusted: -Understand what kinds of touch are acceptable or unacceptable; -Describe strategies for dealing with situations in which they would feel uncomfortable, particularly in relation to inappropriate touch.

Dear Ash

-Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; -Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe.

Growing up and changing bodies

-Identify some products that they may need during puberty and why; -Know what menstruation is and why it happens.

Changing bodies and feelings

-Know the correct words for the external sexual organs; -Discuss some of the myths associated with puberty.

Help! I'm a teenager - get me out of here!

given situation		dilemma	product.	statutory	-Recognise how
(involving	Is it true?			requirements	our body feels
smoking or		-Define what	Lend us a		when we're
other scenarios)	-Understand	is meant by a	fiver!		relaxed;
and consider	that the	dare;			-List some of the
outcomes of	information	Explain why	-Define the		ways our body
risk taking in	we see online,	someone	terms loan,		feels when it is
this situation,	either text or	might give a	credit, debt and		nervous or sad;
including	images, is not	dare;	interest;		-Describe and/or
emotional risks.	always true or	-Suggest ways	-Suggest advice		demonstrate how
	accurate;	of standing up	for a range of		to be resilient in
Being assertive	-Recognise	to someone	situations		order to find
	that some	who gives a	involving		someone who will
-Identify	people post	dare.	personal		listen to you.
characteristics	things online		finance.		
of passive,	about	Vaping:			Dear Hetty
aggressive and	themselves	healthy or	Local councils		(OPTIONAL)
assertive	that aren't	unhealthy?	(OPTIONAL)		
behaviours;	true,				-Explain how
-Understand	sometimes	-Describe	-Explain some		someone might
and rehearse	this is so that	some of the	of the areas		feel when they
assertiveness	people will like	health risks	that local		are separated
skills.	them;	caused by	councils have		from someone or
	-Understand	vaping;	responsibility		something they
	and explain	-Understand	for;		like;
	the	that there	-Understand		-Suggest ways to
	difference	are potential	that local		help someone who
	between sex,	health risks	councillors are		is separated from
	gender	of vaping that	elected to		someone or
	identity,	are not yet	represent their		something they
	gender	fully known; -Use critical	local community.		like.
	expression and sexual				
	orientation.	thinking skills when reading			
	orientation.	information/			
	Stop stort	media:			
	Stop, start, stereotypes	-Understand			
	31el eolypes	that			
	-Recognise	companies			
	that some	selling vaping			
	people can get	products do			
	bullied	so to make			
	because of	money;			
	the way they	-Describe			
	express their	some of the			
	gender;	possible			
	-Give	outcomes of			
	examples of	taking a risk.			
	how bullying				
	behaviours	Would you			
	can be	risk it?			
	stopped.				
		-Identify risk			
	It could	factors in a			
	happen to	given situation			
	anyone	(involving			
	(OPTIONAL)	smoking) and			
	T. 1 . 1 . 1	consider			
	-Identify the	outcomes of			
	consequences	risk taking in			
	of positive	this situation,			
	and negative	including			
	behaviour on	emotional			
	themselves	risks;			
	and others; -Give	-Understand			
	-GIVE	the actual			

		examples of how individual/gro up actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way.	norms around smoking/alcoh ol and the reasons for common misperception s of these. 'Thunking' about habits (OPTIONAL) -Explain what a habit is, giving examples; -Describe why and how a habit can be hard to change. Drugs: true or false? (OPTIONAL) -Understand some of the complexities of categorising drugs; -Know that all medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines; -Understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely. Smoking: what is normal? (OPTIONAL) -Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperception s of these.			
Year 6	Working together -Demonstrate a collaborative approach to a task;	OK to be different -Recognise that bullying and discriminatory	Think before you click! -Accept that responsible and respectful	Two sides to every story -Define the terms 'fact', 'opinion', 'biased' and	This will be your life! -Identify aspirational goals; -Describe the actions needed to	I look great! -Understand that fame can be short-lived; -Recognise that photos can be

-Describe and implement the skills needed to do this.

Let's negotiate (OPTIONAL)

-Explain what is meant by the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; -Suggest positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task: -Demonstrate positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task

Solve the friendship problem

-Recognise some of the challenges that arise from friendships; -Suggest strategies for dealing with such challenges demonstrating the need for respect and an assertive approach.

Dan's day (OPTIONAL)

-Describe the consequences of reacting to others in a positive or negative way; -Suggest ways that people can respond more positively to others.

Behave

behaviour can result from disrespect of people's differences; -Suggest strategies for dealing with bullying, as a bystander; -Describe positive attributes of their peers.

We have more in common than not

-Know that all people are unique but that we have far more in common with each other than what is different about us: -Consider how a bystander can respond to someone being rude, offensive or bullying someone else; -Demonstrate ways of offering support to someone who has been bullied.

Respecting differences

-Demonstrate ways of showing respect to others, using verbal and non-verbal communicatio n.

Tolerance and respect for others

-Understand and explain the term behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online and face-to-face; -Understand and describe the ease with which something posted online can spread.

It's a puzzle (OPTIONAL)

-Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online; -Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology.

To share or not to share?

-Know that it is illegal to create and share sexual images of children under 18 years old; -Explore the risks of sharing photos and films of themselves with other people directly or online; -Know how to keep their information private online.

Rat Park

-Define what is meant by addiction, demonstrating an understanding that addiction 'unbiased',
explaining the
difference
between them;
-Describe the
language and
techniques that
make up a
biased report;
-Analyse a
report also
extract the
facts from it.

Fakebook friends

-Know the legal age (and reason behind these) for having a social media account: -Understand why people don't tell the truth and often post only the good bits about themselves, online; -Recognise that people's lives are much more balanced in real

What's it

negatives.

life, with

positives and

-Explain some benefits of saving money; -Describe the different ways money can be saved, outlining the pros and cons of each method; -Describe the costs that go into producing an item; -Suggest sale prices for a variety of items, taking into account a range of factors; -Explain what is meant by the

term interest.

set and achieve these.

Our recommendations

-Present
information they
researched on a
health and
wellbeing issues
outlining the key
issues and making
suggestions for
any improvements
concerning those
issues.

What's the risk?

-Identify risk factors in a given situation;
-Understand and explain the outcomes of risk-taking in a given situation, including emotional risks.

What's the risk? (2)

-Recognise what risk is;
-Explain how a risk can be reduced;
-Understand risks related to growing up and explain the need to be aware of these;
-Assess a risk to help keep themselves safe.

Basic first aid, including Sepsis Awareness

See DfE
Relationships
Education and
Health Education
statutory
requirements

Five Ways to Wellbeing project

-Explain what the

changed to match society's view of perfect; -Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks.

Media manipulation

-Define what is meant by the term stereotype; -Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; -Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; -Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people.

Pressure online

-Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared; -Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group; -Understand the norms of risktaking behaviour and that these are usually lower than people believe them to he.

Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change

-Recognise some of the changes they have experienced and their emotional responses to those changes:

yourself

-Recognise and empathise with patterns of behaviour in peer-group dynamics; -Recognise basic emotional needs and understand that they change according to circumstance; -Suggest strategies for dealing assertively with a situation where someone under pressure may do something they uncomfortable about.

Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2)

-List some
assertive
behaviours;
-Recognise peer
influence and
pressure;
-Demonstrate
using some
assertive
behaviours,
through roleplay, to resist
peer influence
and pressure.

Don't force me

-Describe ways in which people show their commitment to each other; -Know the ages at which a person can marry, depending on whether their parents agree; -Understand that everyone has the right to be free to

prejudice; -Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/ot her parts of the UK; -Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; -Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and

Advertising friendships!

demonstrate

how we

this

-Explain the difference between a friend and an acquaintance; -Describe qualities of a strong, positive friendship; -Describe the benefits of other types relationship neighbour, parent/carer, relative).

Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes

-Define what is meant by the term stereotype; -Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes;

Jobs and taxes (OPTIONAL)

-Recognise and

is a form of

-Understand

humans have

behaviour;

that all

basic

emotional

needs and

explain some

of the ways

these needs

can be met.

drug is...?

-Explain how

drugs can be

categorised

groups

and leaal

context;

into different

depending on

their medical

-Demonstrate

understanding

can have both

that drugs

medical and

non-medical

-Explain in

simple terms

some of the

control drugs

laws that

in this

country.

the law!

Drugs: it's

-Understand

some of the

basic laws in

-Explain why

relating to

country.

drugs in this

Alcohol: what

is normal?

the actual

drinking

alcohol and

the reasons

for common

misperception

-Understand

norms around

there are laws

relation to

drugs;

uses:

What sort of

explain that different jobs have different levels of pay and the factors that influence this;
-Explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services;
-Evaluate the

Happy shoppers - caring for the environment

different public

services and

value.

compare their

-Explain what is meant by living in an environmentally sustainable way; -Suggest actions that could be taken to live in a more environmentally sustainable way.

Action stations! (OPTIONAL)

-Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group; -Describe the aim, mission statement, activity and beneficiaries of a chosen voluntary, community or action group.

Project Pitch (parts 1 & 2) (OPTIONAL) five ways to
wellbeing are;
-Describe how
the five ways to
wellbeing
contribute to a
healthy lifestyle,
giving examples
of how they can
be implemented in
people's lives.

-Suggest positive strategies for dealing with change;
-Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change.

Is this normal?

-Define the word 'puberty' giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it: -Suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by the changes in puberty; -Understand what FGM is and that it is an illegal practice in this country; -Know where someone could get support if they were concerned about their own or another person's safety.

Making babies

-Identify the changes that happen through puberty to allow sexual reproduction to occur; -Know a variety of ways in which the sperm can fertilise the egg to create a baby; -Know the legal age of consent and what it means.

What is HIV? (OPTIONAL)

-Explain how HIV affects the

choose who and	-Recognise	s of these;	-Recognise the	body's immune
whether to	that people	-Describe	relationship	system;
marry.	fall into a	some of the	between rights	-Understand that
	wide range of	effects and	and	HIV is difficult
Acting	what is seen	risks of	responsibilities.	to transmit;
appropriately	as normal;	drinking		-Know how a
-Recognise that	-Challenge	alcohol.	Democracy in	person can
some types of physical contact	stereotypical gender	Joe's story	Britain 1 - Elections	protect themself from HIV.
can produce	portrayals of	(part 1)	Elections	TOM FILV.
strong negative	people.	(OPTIONAL)	-Recognise	
feelings;		·	reasons for	
-Know that		-Understand	rules and laws;	
some		that all	consequences of	
inappropriate		humans have	not adhering to	
touch is also		basic	rules and laws.	
illegal.		emotional needs and	Democracy in	
		explain some	Britain 2 -	
		of the ways	How (most)	
		these needs	laws are made	
		can be met;		
		-Explain how	-Recognise	
		these	reasons for	
		emotional	rules and laws;	
		needs impact on people's	consequences of not adhering to	
		behaviour;	rules and laws.	
		-Suggest	ruics and laws.	
		positive ways		
		that people	Community art	
		can get their	(OPTIONAL)	
		emotional		
		need met.	-Define the	
		Joe's story	term 'community';	
		(part 2)	-Recognise the	
		(OPTIONAL)	benefits to	
			mental health	
		-Understand	and wellbeing of	
		and give	being part of	
		examples of	community	
		conflicting emotions;	groups; -Understand	
		emorions,	the value of	
		Understand	community	
		and reflect on	members and	
		how	how they can be	
		independence	valued for	
		and	contributing to	
		responsibility	communities.	
		go together.		

Progression of Disciplinary Knowledge in Geography from Preschool through to Year 6
Do children have opportunities to
Potential literacy texts to link